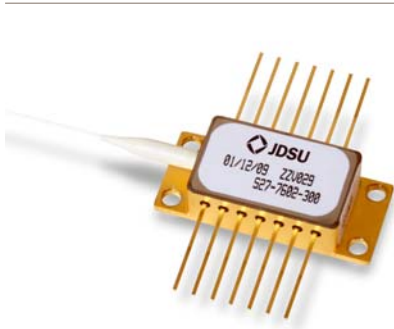


Up to 460 mW Fiber Bragg Grating Stabilized 980 nm Pump Modules

S27 Series



Key Features

- Operating power range from 100 – 460 mW
- Reduced TEC power consumption compatible with legacy temperature control
- Low-profile, 14-PIN butterfly package
- Fiber Bragg grating stabilization
- Wavelength selection available
- Integrated thermoelectric cooler, thermistor, and monitor diode
- High dynamic range
- Excellent low-power stability

Applications

- Dense wavelength division multiplexing (DWDM) EDFAs for small package designs
- High bit-rate, high channel-count EDFAs
- CATV distribution

Compliance

- Telcordia GR-468-CORE

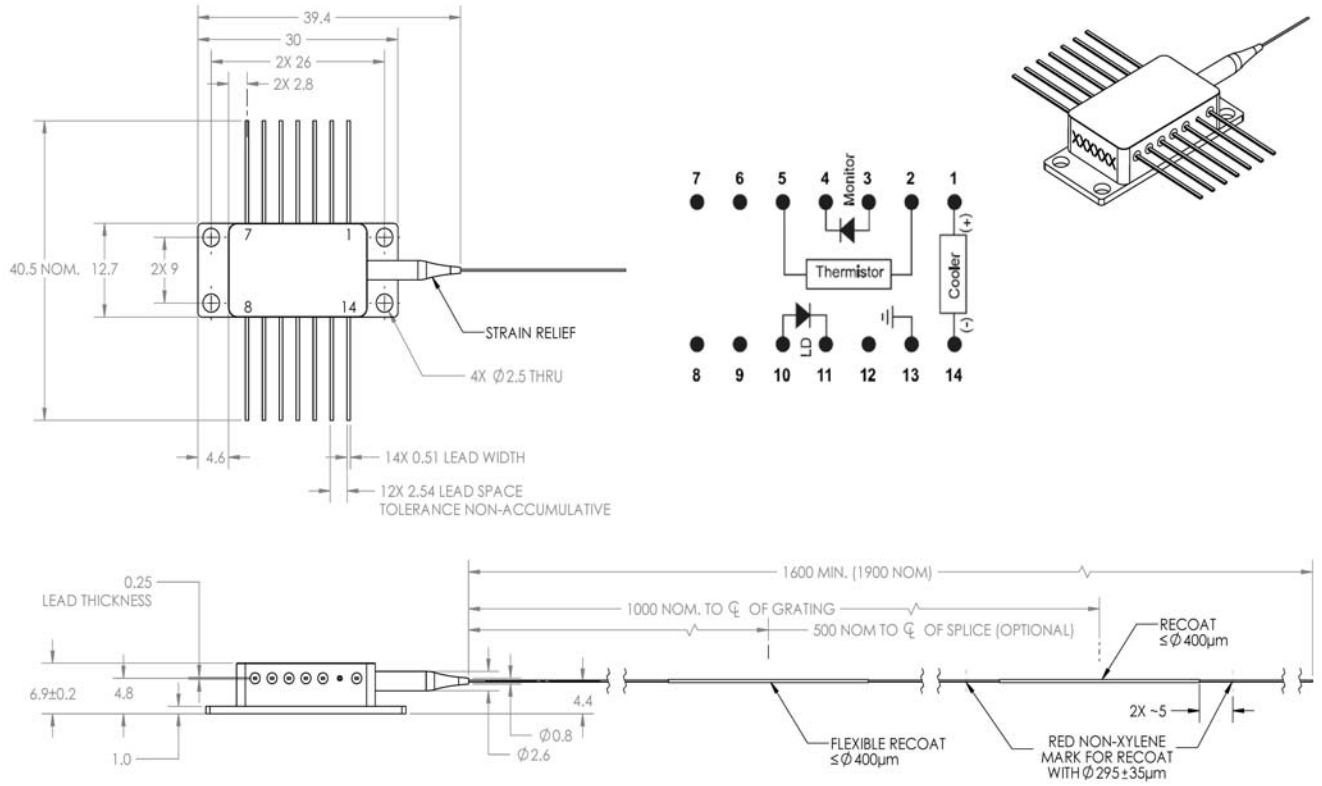
The JDSU S27 Series of 980 nm pump laser modules uses a number of revolutionary design steps and the very latest material technologies to significantly improve scalability of the production process. The semicooled 45°C laser diode operation provides for a significant reduction in TEC and overall power consumption. The module meets the stringent requirements of the telecommunications industry including Telcordia GR-468-CORE for hermetic 980 nm pump modules.

The S27 Series pump module, which uses Fiber Bragg grating stabilization to lock the emission wavelength, provides a noise-free, narrowband spectrum even under changes in temperature, drive current, and optical feedback. Wavelength selection is available for applications requiring the highest performance in spectrum control with the highest power available.

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Dimensions Diagram

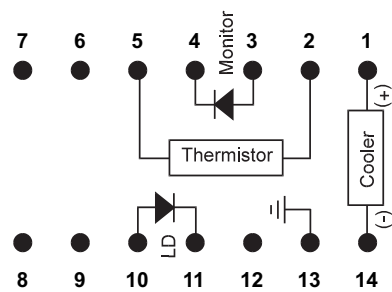
(Note: Specifications in mm unless otherwise noted; tolerance = $x \pm 0.3$, $x.x \pm 0.25$)



Pinout

Pin Description

Pin	Description
1	Cooler (+)
2	Thermistor
3	Monitor PD anode
4	Monitor PD cathode
5	Thermistor
6	N/C
7	N/C
8	N/C
9	N/C
10	Laser anode
11	Laser cathode
12	N/C
13	Case ground
14	Cooler (-)



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Table 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Maximum
Operating case temperature	T_{op}	-	-5°C	75°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	2000 hours	-40°C	85°C
Laser operating temperature	T_{LD}	-	-5°C	50°C
LD reverse voltage	V_r	-	-	2.5 V
LD forward current	I_{f_max}	48 hours maximum	-	1200 mA
LD reverse current		-	-	10 μ A
PD reverse voltage	V_{PD}	-	-	20 V
PD forward current	I_{PF}	-	-	10 mA
LD electrostatic discharge (ESD)	$V_{ESD\ LD}$	C = 100 pF, R = 1.5 k Ω , human body model	-	1000 V
	$V_{ESD\ PD}$	C = 100 pF, R = 1.5 k Ω , human body model	-	700 V
TEC current	I_{TEC}	-	-0.75 A	1.5 A
TEC voltage	V_{TEC}	-	-	2.5 V
Axial pull force		3 x 10 seconds	-	5 N
Side pull force		3 x 10 seconds	-	2.5 N
Fiber bend radius		-	16 mm	-
Relative humidity	RH	Non-condensing	5%	95%
Lead soldering time		300°C	-	10 seconds

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are the maximum stresses that may be applied to the module for short periods of time without causing damage and are listed in Table 5. Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time or exposure to more than one absolute maximum rating simultaneously may adversely affect device reliability. Specifications may not necessarily be met under these conditions.

Table 2: Operating Parameters(BOL, $T_{case} = -5$ to 75°C, -50 dB reflection, unless otherwise noted.)

Product Code	Maximum Operating Power P_{op} (mW)	Maximum Operating Current I_{op} (mA)	Minimum Kink-Free Power P_{max} (mW)	Kink-Free Current I_{max} (mA) Maximum
S27-xx02-100	100	250	110	270
S27-xx02-120	120	290	130	310
S27-xx02-140	140	335	155	365
S27-xx02-160	160	375	175	410
S27-xx02-180	180	420	200	465
S27-xx02-200	200	465	220	510
S27-xx02-220	220	510	240	555
S27-xx02-240	240	555	265	610
S27-xx02-260	260	600	285	660
S27-xx02-280	280	640	310	710
S27-xx02-300	300	680	330	740
S27-xx02-320	320	690	350	780
S27-xx02-340	340	730	375	830
S27-xx02-360	360	765	395	875
S27-xx02-380	380	815	420	935
S27-xx02-400	400	860	440	985
S27-xx02-420	420	900	460	1035
S27-xx02-440	440	955	485	1105
S27-xx02-460	460	1000	505	1160

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Table 3: Available Peak Wavelength Selection

Product Code	Minimum Center Wavelength	Maximum Center Wavelength
S27-7402-xxx	973.5 nm	975.0 nm
S27-7602-xxx	975.0 nm	977.0 nm

Table 4: Electro-optical Performance(BOL, $T_{\text{case}} = -5$ to 75°C , P_{r} range = 20 mW to P_{max} , -50 dB reflection, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Minimum	Maximum
Threshold current	$I_{\text{th-BOL}}$		-	42 mA
Forward voltage	V_{f}	$I_{\text{f}} = I_{\text{op}}$	-	2.5 V
Fiber output power range	P_{f}		20 mW	P_{op}
Pump power in band	P_{pump}	P_{pump} Band = $\lambda_{\text{c}} \pm 1.5$ nm, at P_{op}	90%	-
Spectral width	$\Delta\lambda_{\text{RMS}}$	$50 \text{ mW} < P < P_{\text{op}}$	-	2.0 nm
Wavelength tuning vs. temperature	$\Delta\lambda/T$	$I = I_{\text{op}}$	-	0.01 nm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Optical power stability	$\Delta P_{\text{f-t}}$	Over P_{f} range, DC to -50 kHz	-	-
		$12 \text{ mW} < P_{\text{op}} < 20 \text{ mW}$	-	4%
		20 mW to P_{op}	-	1.6%
Tracking ratio	TR	$0.1P_{\text{op}} < P < P_{\text{op}}$	0.75	1.25
Tracking error	TE	At P_{op}	-25%	25%
Monitor diode responsivity	I_{BF}	At P_{op}	1 $\mu\text{A}/\text{mW}$	5 $\mu\text{A}/\text{mW}$
Thermistor resistance	R_{th}	$T_{\text{set}} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$	9.5 k Ω	10.5 k Ω
		$T_{\text{set}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	21.7 k Ω	24.0 k Ω
Thermistor constant	B		3600 K	4200 K

1. The tracking error is defined as the normalized change of output power relative to the operating power over case temperature range (0°C to 75°C), at constant back-face monitor current corresponding to the operating power at 45°C .
2. The tracking ratio is a measure of the front-to-back tracking when the output power is varied. On a plot of optical power versus back-face photocurrent, a straight line is drawn between the minimum power (20 mW) and the operating power (P_{op}) points. The tracking ratio is defined as the ratio between measured optical power (shown as data points on the plot) to the value derived from the straight line.

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Table 5: TEC and Total Module Power Consumption(BOL for $\Delta T = 30^{\circ}\text{C}$, $T_{\text{case}} = 75^{\circ}\text{C}$, $T_{\text{LD}} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Product Code	TEC Current I_{max} (A)	TEC Voltage V_{max} (V)	TEC Power Consumption P_{TEC} (W)	Total Module Power Consumption P_{max} (W)
S27-xx02-100	0.54	1.02	0.50	0.82
S27-xx02-120	0.57	1.04	0.53	0.92
S27-xx02-140	0.59	1.06	0.56	1.02
S27-xx02-160	0.61	1.08	0.59	1.12
S27-xx02-180	0.63	1.10	0.63	1.23
S27-xx02-200	0.65	1.12	0.66	1.35
S27-xx02-220	0.68	1.14	0.70	1.47
S27-xx02-240	0.72	1.18	0.77	1.62
S27-xx02-260	0.75	1.21	0.83	1.77
S27-xx02-280	0.78	1.24	0.89	1.92
S27-xx02-300	0.82	1.27	0.95	2.08
S27-xx02-320	0.85	1.31	1.02	2.24
S27-xx02-340	0.91	1.36	1.14	2.47
S27-xx02-360	0.95	1.41	1.24	2.68
S27-xx02-380	1.00	1.46	1.35	2.90
S27-xx02-400	1.05	1.51	1.46	3.12
S27-xx02-420	1.09	1.56	1.58	3.36
S27-xx02-440	1.15	1.62	1.72	3.63
S27-xx02-460	1.20	1.68	1.86	3.91

Table 6: HI 1060 Fiber Nominal Characteristics and Tolerances

Parameters	Specification
Cutoff wavelength	920 nm
Maximum attenuation at 980 nm	2.1 dB/km
Cladding outside diameter	$125 \pm 1 \mu\text{m}$
Coating outside diameter	$245 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$
Core-cladding concentricity	$\leq 0.5 \mu\text{m}$
Mode field diameter	$5.9 \pm 0.3 \mu\text{m}$

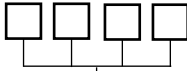
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Ordering Information

For more information on this or other products and their availability, please contact your local JDSU account manager or JDSU directly at 1-800-498-JDSU (5378) in North America and +800-5378-JDSU worldwide or via e-mail at customer.service@jdsu.com.

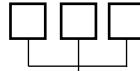
Sample: S27-7402-300

S27-



Code	Peak Wavelength
7402	973.5 to 975.0 nm
7602	975.0 to 977.0 nm

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Code	Maximum Operating Power
100	100 mW
120	120 mW
140	140 mW
160	160 mW
180	180 mW
200	200 mW
220	220 mW
240	240 mW
260	260 mW
280	280 mW
300	300 mW
320	320 mW
340	340 mW
360	360 mW
380	380 mW
400	400 mW
420	420 mW
440	440 mW
460	460 mW

User Safety
Safety and Operating Considerations

The laser light emitted from this laser diode is invisible and may be harmful to the human eye. Avoid looking directly into the fiber when the device is in operation.

CAUTION: THE USE OF OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS WITH THIS PRODUCT INCREASES EYE HAZARD.

Operating the laser diode outside of its maximum ratings may cause device failure or a safety hazard. Power supplies used with this component cannot exceed maximum peak optical power.

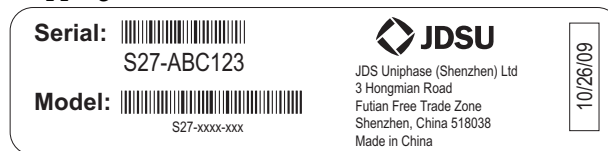
CW laser diodes may be damaged by excessive drive current or switching transients. When using power supplies, the laser diode should be connected with the main power on and the output voltage at zero. The current should be increased slowly while monitoring the laser diode output power and the drive current. Careful attention to heatsinking and proper mounting of this device is required to ensure specified performance over its operating life. To maximize thermal transfer to the heatsink, the heatsink mounting surface must be flat to within .001" and the mounting screws must be torqued down to 1.5 in.-lb.

ESD PROTECTION—Electrostatic discharge (ESD) is the primary cause of unexpected laser diode failure. Take extreme precaution to prevent ESD. Use wrist straps, grounded work surfaces, and rigorous antistatic techniques when handling laser diodes.

Labeling
21 CFR 1040.10 Compliance

Because of the small size of these devices, the output power and laser emission indicator label shown below is attached to the individual shipping container. All labels are illustrated here to comply with 21 CFR 1040.10 as applicable under the Radiations Control for Health and Safety Act of 1968.

14-Pin Module Label

Shipping Box Label

Output Power and Laser Emission Indicator Label
